

Mark Scheme (Results)

June 2011

GCE Mechanics M2 (6678) Paper 1

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EDEXCEL GCE MATHEMATICS

General Instructions for Marking

- 1. The total number of marks for the paper is 75.
- 2. The Edexcel Mathematics mark schemes use the following types of marks:
 - M marks: method marks are awarded for 'knowing a method and attempting to apply it', unless otherwise indicated.
 - A marks: Accuracy marks can only be awarded if the relevant method (M) marks have been earned.
 - B marks are unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
 - Marks should not be subdivided.

Abbreviations

These are some of the traditional marking abbreviations that will appear in the mark schemes and can be used if you are using the annotation facility on ePEN.

- bod benefit of doubt
- ft follow through
- the symbol will be used for correct ft
- cao correct answer only
- cso correct solution only. There must be no errors in this part of the question to obtain this mark
- isw ignore subsequent working
- awrt answers which round to
- SC: special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep dependent
- indep independent
- dp decimal places
- sf significant figures
- * The answer is printed on the paper
- The second mark is dependent on gaining the first mark



June 2011 6678 Mechanics M2 Mark Scheme

Mark Scheme					
Question Number	Scheme	Marks			
1.	500 N $1000g N$ $12000 = TV$	M1			
	$T - 500 - 1000g \sin \theta = 0$ $V = \frac{12000}{500 + 1000 \times 9.8 \times \frac{1}{30}}$ $V = 15 - (2000) + 14.5$	M1 A1			
	V = 15 (accept 14.5)	DM1 A1			
			(5) 5		
2.	$ \begin{array}{cccc} & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & &$				
	4mu = 3mx - mv	M1 A1			
	4ue = x + v	M1 A1			
	4u = 3(4ue - v) - v				
	4u = 12ue - 4v $v = (3e - 1)u$	DM1 A1			
	$v > 0 \Rightarrow 3e > 1$	DM1			
	$\therefore e > \frac{1}{3} **$	A1	(8) 8		



0 .:		advancing learning, changing l
Question Number	Scheme	Marks
3. (a)	$\mathbf{I} = m\mathbf{v} - m\mathbf{u}$ $-4\mathbf{i} + 7\mathbf{j} = 0.5(\mathbf{v} - 12\mathbf{i})$	M1
	$-4\mathbf{i} + 7\mathbf{j} = 0.3(\mathbf{v} - 12\mathbf{i})$ $4\mathbf{i} + 14\mathbf{j} = \mathbf{v}$	A1
	Speed = $\sqrt{16+196} = \sqrt{212} \text{ m s}^{-1}$ (14.6 or better)	M1 A1
	Speed = \(\gamma \text{10+190} = \(\gamma \text{212 III s} \) (14.0 of better)	(4)
(b)		
	$\tan \theta = \frac{7}{2}$ $\theta = 74.0$ $\theta = 74^{\circ}$	M1
	$\frac{\theta = 74.0}{\theta}$ $\theta = 74^{\circ}$	A1ft (2)
(c)	Gain in K.E. = $\frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 (212 - 12^2)$, = 17 J	M1 A1
	2	(2)



Question	Scheme	Marks
Number	Scheme	Warks
4.		
(a)		
	A B	
	a a a	
	G a C	
	E D	
	$ABDE$ BCD Lamina Mass ratio $8a^2\rho$ $a^2\rho$ $9a^2\rho$	B1
	8 1 9	
	Dist of C of M	D.
	From AE 2a $4\frac{1}{3}a$ \overline{x}	B1
	$8 \times 2a + 1 \times \frac{13}{3}a = 9\overline{x}$	M1
	$\overline{x} = \frac{61}{27}a$ (2.26a)	A1 (4)
(b)		
	$\tan \phi = \frac{a}{\frac{61}{27}a} = \frac{27}{61}$	M1 A1 ft
	$\phi = 23.87 = 24^{\circ}$ (accept 23.9), 0.417 radians	A1
	$\psi = 23.07 = 21$ (decept 23.5), 0.117 Identities	(3)
		7



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Question Number	Scheme	Marks
5. (a)		
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	$0.5g \times 2\sin 30 = \frac{1}{2} \times 0.5u^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times 5^2$ $\frac{1}{4}u^2 = 0.5g + \frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times 5^2$	M1 A1
	$u = 6.7 \text{ m s}^{-1} \text{ (accept 6.68)}$	DM1 A1 (4)
(b)	$R = 0.5g \cos 30$ $F = 0.5g \cos 30 \times \mu$ Work done by friction = 1.5F	B1 M1
	$\frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times 5^{2} = 1.5F + 0.5g \times 1.5 \sin 30$ $\mu = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times 5^{2} - 0.5g \times 1.5 \sin 30}{0.5g \cos 30 \times 1.5}$	M1 A1 A1
	$\mu = 0.40$ (accept 0.4 or 0.405)	A1 (6) 10



Question		advancing learning, changing
Number	Scheme	Marks
6. (a)		
(u)	$\longrightarrow \rightarrow (t-4)$	
	P m	
	O	
	$\frac{\mathrm{d}v}{\mathrm{d}t} = t - 4$	
	dt	
	$v = \frac{1}{2}t^2 - 4t(+c)$	M1 A1
	$t = 0$ $v = 6$ $\Rightarrow c = 6$	M1
	$\therefore v = \frac{1}{2}t^2 - 4t + 6$	A1
	2	(4)
(b)	$v = 0 0 = t^2 - 8t + 12$	M1
	(t-6)(t-2)=0	DM1
	t=6 $t=2$	A1
	3	(3)
(c)	$x = \frac{t^3}{6} - 2t^2 + 6t + k$	M1 A1 ft
	$x_6 - x_2 = \frac{6^3}{6} - 2 \times 6^2 + 6^2 + k$	DM1
		DWI
	$-\left(\frac{2^3}{6} - 2 \times 2^2 + 6 \times 2 + k\right)$	
	$=-5\frac{1}{3}$	
	\therefore Distance is $5\frac{1}{3}$ m	A1
	3	(4)
		11



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Question Number	Scheme	Marks
7. (a)	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	$M(A) 3mg \times 2a + 3mgx = T\cos\theta \times 4a$ $= \frac{12}{5}aT$ $\frac{12}{5}aT = 6mga + 3mgx$	M1 A2,1,0
	$T = \frac{25}{4}mg \qquad \frac{12}{5}a \times \frac{25}{4}mg = 6mga + 3mgx$ $15a = 6a + 3x$	M1
	x = 3a **	A1 (5)
(b)	$R(\rightarrow) R = T \sin \theta$	M1
	$= \frac{25}{4} mg \times \frac{4}{5}$ $= 5mg **$	A1 A1
(c)	$R\left(\uparrow\right) F + \frac{25}{4}mg \times \frac{3}{5} = 3mg + 3mg$	M1 A2,1,0
	$F = 6mg - \frac{15}{4}mg = \frac{9}{4}mg$ $\mu = \frac{F}{R} = \frac{\frac{9}{4}mg}{5mg} = \frac{9}{20}$	DM1 A1 (5) 13



Question	Scheme	Marks
Number		
8. (a)		
	$\begin{array}{c} u \\ y \\ \hline x \end{array}$	
	Horiz: $x = u \cos \alpha t$	B1
	Vert: $y = u \sin \alpha t - \frac{1}{2} g t^2$	M1
	$y = u \sin \alpha \times \frac{x}{u \cos \alpha} - \frac{1}{2} g \times \frac{x^2}{u^2 \cos^2 \alpha}$	DM1
	$y = x \tan \alpha - \frac{gx^2}{2u^2 \cos^2 \alpha} **$	A1 (4)
(b)	$y = -7: -7 = \tan 45x - \frac{gx^2}{2 \times 7^2 \cos^2 45}$	M1 A1
	$-7 = x - \frac{9.8x^2}{7^2}$	
	$-7 = x - \frac{9.8x^2}{7^2}$ $-7 = x - \frac{x^2}{5}$ $x^2 - 5x - 35 = 0$	M1
	$x^{2} - 5x - 35 = 0$ $x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25 + 4 \times 35}}{2}$	M1
	x = 8.92 or 8.9	A1 (7)
(c)	Time to travel 8.922 m horizontally = $\frac{8.922}{7\cos 45}$ = 1.802s	(5) M1
	$v = \frac{8.922}{1.402}$	M1 A1 ft
	$= 6.36 \text{ or } 6.4 \text{ (m s}^{-1})$	A1
		(4) 13

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